# LIGHT/SUN Full sun. **EXPOSURE** Winter hardy in zones 7 to 11. In zones 3 to 6, we recommend **USDA HARDINESS** planting in containers so you can ZONES move the plants indoors before the first frost. PLANT TYPE Annual/Tropical. **PLANTING** DISTANCE At least 2 feet apart. **IN-GROUND** One plant per 12-inch or larger **CONTAINER SIZE** container. MATURE 30 to 48 inches tall with a 14 to 20 HEIGHT/SPREAD inch spread. **BLOOM TIME** Summer to fall. TIME TO REACH 12 months.

QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

### SOIL PREPARATION

**MATURITY** 

We recommend having your soil tested periodically by your local County Extension Office (www.nifa.usda.gov/extension or by calling 1-800-333-4636). A soil test can determine if your soil needs any amendments to enhance the growth and performance of your plants.

Ideal garden soil is easy to dig in and drains well while still holding the nutrients and water vital to plant growth. To prepare a bed for in-ground planting, spade or till the soil to a depth of roughly 12-18 inches. Next, spread a 2-4 inch layer of organic matter such as compost, shredded leaves or peat moss over the soil and mix well.



# Thank you for your order.

Your satisfaction is of primary concern to us. Please use the following resources for questions regarding your order:

- cottagefarmsdirect.com
- @ help@cottagefarmsdirect.com
- facebook.com/cottagefarmsdirect
- @cottagefarms
- pinterest.com/cottagefarms
- @cottagefarmsdirect
- 888-593-3644
- 9960 Padgett Switch Rd. Irvington, Alabama 36544

# Cottage Farms' Guarantee

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. Cottage Farms warrants its perennials for one year and annuals for 90 days from the time of the shipment. If for any reason you are dissatisfied, Cottage Farms will replace your plant with a similar or comparable one at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following shipping season.

Caution: Do not assume any plant is safe to eat. Only parts of plants expressly grown to be eaten should be considered edible. As with any product that is not food, care should be taken to make sure that small children and pets do not ingest any part of a plant that is not expressly grown to be eaten.

Unless specifically stated, this product is intended for ornamental horticultural use only and is not intended for consumption or ingestion by humans or pets. Most plants are harmless but some contain toxic substances which can cause adverse heath effects. Furthermore, some individuals and some animals are sensitive or allergic to certain plants and precautions should be taken to limit or avoid physical contact with particular plants. Some plants have thorns or spines that can be painful if handled.

In case of ingestion, contact a poison control center immediately. 1-800-222-1222

© 2025 Cottage Farms - Printed in USA



\*Image on cover is representative of the type of plant(s) in this offer and not necessarily indicative of actual size or color for the included variety.

### OUT OF THE BOX

#### CANNAS

Your plants have been shipped to you in pots. Please remove the plants from the packaging right away and plant as soon as possible following the planting instructions below. If it is not possible to plant right away, follow these important steps:

- 1. Roll the plastic down around the plants and place them in a sunny location.
- 2. Keep the plants well watered.

Note: Some leaves may appear wilted or yellow upon arrival. This is due to the stress of shipping and is nothing to worry about. Water the plant and let it recover in a shady location for a few days, then gently remove any foliage that does not recover to allow for new growth.



## PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS

Important: Thoroughly hydrate the plant by watering well before planting.

Α

Fill the container with soil to within 4 inches of the top. Remove the pot and prepare the root ball for planting by gently disturbing the surface roots with your fingers, fork, or gardening tool and pruning any damaged roots. Dig a hole in the soil to insert the lower part of the root ball.

Е

Once the plant is properly positioned in the pot, begin filling the pot with soil. Work the soil around the root ball with your hands, firming the soil around the plant with your fingers. When the hole is filled, tamp the soil to remove any air pockets.

# PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS (Continued)

C

Water well and, if necessary, adjust the plant so it is upright and add additional soil if needed. Check to be sure the plant is not planted too deeply. If it is, raise the plant carefully and re-firm the soil.

## CONTINUING CARE

Adequate and consistent watering is essential during your plant's first year in the garden. Infrequent, long soakings of water that thoroughly saturate the soil are more effective than frequent, light applications of water.

Due to variable geographical and environmental conditions, a specific watering schedule is difficult to define. However, as a rule of thumb, you should not allow the soil or the original root ball to completely dry out. During the first summer, you may need to water as often as every few days in periods of drought and extreme summer heat. To determine if your plant needs water, dig a few inches into the soil next to the plant. If the soil is dry 2-3 inches below the surface, it is time to water.

Over-watering can be as damaging as under-watering. Be sure that the area surrounding your plant has adequate drainage to move water away from the plant. If you choose to plant in a container, always select one with drainage holes to prevent your plant's roots from sitting in water.

Apply a 2-4 inch layer of shredded bark, compost, leaves, straw or other organic matter around your plants to promote moisture retention, maintain even soil temperatures and discourage weed growth.

Replenish the mulch as needed.

## CONTINUING CARE (Continued)

EDING

Feed your plant once every 2-3 weeks during the growing season with a water-soluble fertilizer.

Discontinue fertilizing by September 1st so your plant can prepare for winter.

FEDING

Keep the area around your plants free of weeds. Weeds compete with surrounding plants for food, water and light. Walk around the garden periodically and pull weeds, including the roots, as soon as you see them.

SUNING

Remove spent flowers as blooms fade to encourage continuous blooming. Once the foliage has died back in late fall, cut each plant down to a few inches above ground level.

In mild zones (7-10), Cannas can be planted inground and allowed to go dormant in the garden. If freezing weather is expected, protect the tubers by mounding a 6-8 inch layer of shredded bark, compost, leaves, straw or other organic material over them.

In colder zones (3-6), Canna tubers should be dug and stored in peat moss after the foliage has died back in late fall. Keep the tubers in a dark location where the temperature stays around 40°F. Containerized plants should be moved into an unheated, protected area such as a garage or cellar before temperatures drop below freezing. Check soil moisture every 2-3 weeks and water as needed during winter.

In spring, re-plant stored tubers outdoors after the threat of freezing weather has passed. Containerized plants should be moved back into the garden sunlight where they will begin to repeat their yearly performance.

INTERIZIN